Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine V. N. Karazin Kharkiv National University

APPROVED BY
Deputy Chairman of the Admission Board
Acting Rector of V. N. Karazin Kharkiv National University
Oleksandr HOLOVKO
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THE PROGRAM of the entrance examination on the WORLD HISTORY

(the XX century – the beginning of the XXI century) for foreign citizens applying to study for a Bachelor's degree in all accredited educational programs and a Master's degree in Medicine

Kharkiv 2024



ДОКУМЕНТ СЕД АСКОД Підписувач ГОЛОВКО ОЛЕКСАНДР МИКОЛАЙОВИЧ Дійсний з 01.09.2022 13:31:33 по 31.08.2024 23:59:59

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Explanatory note

The program of the entrance examination on the "World History (the XX century – the beginning of the XXI century)" is designed for foreign citizens applying to study for a Bachelor's degree according to the accredited educational programs and a Master's degree in Medicine.

The content of the program corresponds to the list of topics from the World History course for 10-11 grades of secondary schools of Ukraine (Історія: Україна і світ. 10-11 класи. Навчальна програма для закладів загальної середньої освіти. – Київ: HREC PRESS).

The program is designed to help clarify the knowledge of a foreign entrant knowledge of the World History at a level sufficient for successful studying in V.N. Karazin Kharkiv National University.

The Program is represented by the Department of Language and Specialized Training of International Education Institute for Study and Research of the V.N. Karazin Kharkiv National University.

Compilers of the Program: Associate Professor Hanna BONDARENKO, Senior Lecturer Tetiana KOVALENKO, Associate Professor Olena KOZAK.

Thematic Plan of the Program

Introduction

The subject of history. The main periods of the historical process.

1. The world at the beginning of the XX century.

The main features of socio-economic development, state structure and political life of the world's leading countries (Great Britain, France, USA, Germany, Austria-Hungary, Turkey). The division of the world between colonial Empires. Creation of the Entente and the Triple Alliance.

2. The First World War (1914-1918).

Reasons and reason for the outbreak of the First World War (WWI). Chronological framework of the war. The main theaters of military operations. End of the war. The main political and social results of the First World War.

3. The world in the 20-30th of the XX century.

The post-war arrangement of the world. The Treaty of Versailles. Paris Peace Conference. The League of Nations.

United States. The growing role of the United States in the international arena. The Union of Soviet Republics (Soviet Union) as an imperial-type state. Political repression in the USSR.

The World Economic Crisis (Great Depression) of 1929-1933. Search for ways out of the crisis in the leading countries of the world (USA, England, Germany).

Formation of totalitarian regimes in Europe. The arrival of the fascists to power in Italy and Germany. Nazism. The ideology and policy of the Nazi regime in Germany.

Aggressive actions of Germany, Italy and Japan in the second half of the 30th years of the XX century. The Munich Conference of 1938. Negotiations on collective security in Europe.

4. The Second World War (WWII).

The Causes and nature of the War. The main military actions in Europe, Asia, Africa, the Pacific. The main battle of the Great Patriotic War. The final period of the Second World War in Europe and Asia. The surrender of Germany, Japan and their allies. End of the War.

Political, economic, social results of the Second World War.

The creation of the United Nations (UN). Nuremberg and Tokyo international tribunals over war criminals.

5. Countries of the world in the second half of the XX century.

The world after the Second World War. Proclamation of the People's Republic of China. Domestic and foreign policies of People's Republic of China in the 50-90th of the XX century.

USA and USSR – political, economic and military confrontation. The "Cold War". The creation of the NATO and the Warsaw Pact. The main political and military conflicts in the second half of the XX century. Attempts to overcome international crises.

Destruction of the world colonial system. Features of the postcolonial development of individual countries in Asia and Africa. India in the second half of the XX century. The economic race of certain countries of Asia and Latin America.

Economic development, domestic and foreign policies of Japan in the 50-90th of the XX century.

Development of countries of Western Europe in the 50-90th of the XX century.

Economic and political integration of Western Europe. European Union.

6. World in the XXI century.

The collapse of the Soviet Union. Creation of independent states.

Expansion of the European Union (EU) and NATO. The role of Ukraine and other countries in this process. Modern world politics. Ukraine in the system of international relations. Global problems of the modern world.

Questions of the entrance examination on the World History

(the XX century – the beginning of the XXI century) for foreign citizens applying to study for a Bachelor's degree and a Master's degree in Medicine

- 1 What does history study. The main periods of the historical process.
- 2 Peculiarities of socio-economic development, state structure, political life of the leading countries of the world (Great Britain, France, USA, Germany, Austria-Hungary, Turkey) at the beginning of the XX century.
- 3 The division of the World between the colonial Empires in the early of the XX century.
 - 4 The creation of the Entente and the Triple Alliance.
- 5 Reasons of the First World War (WWI). Chronological framework of the War.
- 6 The main theaters of military operations of the First World War. End of the War.
 - 7 The main political and social results of the First World War.
- 8 The world after the First World War. Paris Peace Conference. The League of Nations.
 - 9 The World Economic Crisis (Great Depression) of 1929-1933.
- 10 Search for ways out of the crisis in the leading countries of the world (USA, England, Germany).
- 11 Formation of totalitarian regimes in Europe. The arrival of the fascists to power in Italy and Germany. Nazism. The ideology and policy of the Nazi regime in Germany.
- 12 Aggressive actions of Germany, Italy and Japan in the second half of the $30^{\hbox{th}}$. Formation of the axis Rome Berlin Tokyo.
 - 13 Negotiations on collective security in Europe.
- 14 The Second World War. Chronological framework of the war. The main military actions in Europe, Asia, Africa, the Pacific.
 - 15 The main battle of the Second World War.
- 16 The final period of the Second World War in Europe and Asia. The surrender of Germany, Japan and their allies. End of the war.
 - 17 Political, economic, social results of the Second World War.
- 18 The creation of the UN. Nuremberg and Tokyo international tribunals over war criminals.
- 19 Proclamation of the People's Republic of China. Domestic and foreign policies of the People's Republic of China in the 50-90th of the XX century.

- 20 USA and USSR political, economic and military confrontation.
- 21 Establishment of NATO and the Warsaw Pact (ATS). The Cold War.
- 22 The main political and military conflicts in the second half of the XX century.
- 23 Destruction of the world colonial system. Features of the postcolonial development of individual countries in Asia and Africa.
 - 24 India in the second half of the XX century.
- 25 Economic development, domestic and foreign policies of Japan in the $50-90^{\hbox{th}}$ of the XX century.
- 26 Development of countries of Western Europe in the 50-90th of the XX century.
 - 27 Economic and political integration of Western Europe. European Union.
 - 28 Creation of independent states after the collapse of the Soviet Union.
 - 29 The People's Republic of China at the XX-XXI centuries.
- 30 Enlargement of the European Union (EU) and NATO. The path of Ukraine to NATO and the EU.
 - 31 Modern world politics. Ukraine in the system of international relations.
 - 32 Global problems of the modern World.

Examination structure and evaluation criteria of the entrance examination on the World History (XX century – beginning of XXI century) for foreign citizens applying to study for a Bachelor's degree and a Master's degree in Medicine

Examination control of knowledge of foreign entrants is carried out in the form of performance of test tasks and oral answers to the proposed questions in the ticket. The tasks of the entrance examination cover the entire period of the subject "World History (XX century, beginning of XXI century)". The total maximum number of points that an entrant can receive is 200 points.

- 1. Multiple choice test tasks. Entrant is offered a test that includes 40 questions, each of which is worth 2 points. The maximum number of points for this part of the task is 80 points.
- 2. The oral part of the entrance examination consists of answers to 3 questions. The maximum score for each question is 40 points. The maximum number of points that can be obtained for an oral answer is 120 points.

When answering each question on the ticket, the applicant must demonstrate the following knowledge and skills and receive the appropriate number of points:

- 1. Knowledge of historical events to the extent provided by the entrance examination program for the subject "World history (XX century beginning of XXI century)" from 1 to 8 points;
- 2. Understanding the socio-economic conditions of historical processes, the correctness and logical sequence of the presentation of the material from 1 to 8 points;
 - 3. Knowledge of historical chronology from 1 to 8 points;
- 4. Knowledge of the geographical space in which historical events took place, skills use geographical and historical maps of the world from 1 to 8 points;
- 5. Knowledge of the exam language, language culture, mastery of historical and social science terminology from 1 to 8 points.

The number of points for one question is from 1 to 40.

The maximum number of points scored for the exam is 200 points.

A foreign entrant is allowed to participate in the competitive selection, if he received a score of at least 100 points.

Persons who, during the interview, did not show a level of knowledge corresponding to the listed criteria, are considered to have failed the entrance examination in "World History (XX century – beginning of XXI century)".

Literature:

- 1. A History of the World: From the 20th to the 21st Century. 2nd edition by Grenville, J.A.S., 2005 1012 p.
- 2. Bondarenko H., Dyagilev V., Kovalenko T., Kutya O. History of Ukraine and Ukrainian Culture: Textbook for students of School of Medicine (English-speaking form of education). Kharkiv: Collegium, 2022. 250 p.
- 3. Di Scala, Spencer M. Twentieth Century Europe: Politics, Society, Culture. Boston; Burr Ridge; Dubuque etc.: McGraw-Hill Higher Education, 2004. 757 p.
- 4. Dyagilev V. E., Kutya O. A., Lykhachova T. M. History of Ukraine: Textbook for English-speaking students/ V. E. Dyagilev, O. A. Kutya, T. M. Lykhachova. Kh.: V. N. Karazin National University, 2013. 116 p.
- 5. Encyclopedia Britannica: http://www.britannica.com/EBchecked/topic/612921/Ukraine.
- 6. Plokhy S. The Last Empire: The Final Days of the Soviet Union. New York: Basic Books, 2014. 520 p.
- 7. Plokhy S. The Origins of the Slavic Nations: Premodern Identities in Russia, Ukraine and Belarus. Cambridge University Press, 200.

- 8. Snyder T. Bloodlands: Europe Between Hitler and Stalin. New York: Basic Books, 2010. 544 p. Use the link below: https://royallib.com/read/Snyder_Timothy/Bloodlands.html#0.
- 9. Ukraine and Europe: Cultural Encounters and Negotiations / Edit. by G. Brogi Bercoff, M. Pavlyshyn, and S. Plokhy. Toronto. Buffalo. London: University of Toronto Press, 2017. 462 p.

Head of the Subject Examination Committee

Olena KOZAK

Approved at the meeting of the Admission Committee of V. N. Karazin Kharkiv National University
Protocol № 1 of April, 8, 2024

Executive Secretary of the Admission Board

Serhii YELTSOV